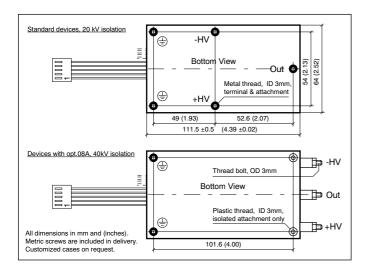
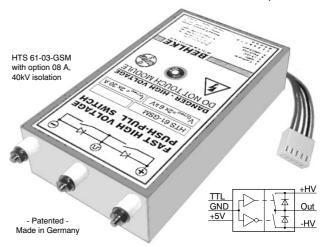
## **FAST HIGH VOLTAGE TRANSISTOR SWITCHES**

The switching modules of the series HTS-GSM consist of two identical MOSFET switching paths that form a so-called half bridge circuit respectively push-pull circuit. Both switching paths are controlled by a common driver, which also provides a logic signal negation for one of the switches. The switches are mutually passively locked, so that a short in the bridge is excluded under all circumstances, including if the control input is disturbed by electromagnetic interferences (due to bad EMC design, for example). Especially in pulse generator applications with capacitive load, the push-pull principle has considerable advantages in comparision with the conventional circuitry using a single-switch with a working resistor. Push-pull circuits do not require large energy storage capacitors for a low pulse drop and, because there are no working resistor power losses, the efficiency of a push-pull pulser is excellent regardless of pulse width, frequency and duty cycle. The pulsers draw only currents for charging the connected load capacitance. Thanks to an extremely precise timing of the switches, there are also almost no cross currents in the bridge, except peak charging currents of the switch natural capacitances.

The switches are controlled by positive going signals of 3 to 10 Volts amplitude. Fault conditions as overfrequency, thermal overload (long-term overload) and incorrect auxilliary supply set the switching path A in off-state and the switching path B in onstate. Faults are indicated as an "L" signal at the fault signal output. Without 5VDC supply, both switching paths (A and B) are in off-state. That implies, without 5VDC the output potential could be undefined if the HV is still applied. To ensure a defined high voltage output potential in such cases, pull-up or pull-down resistors must be connected to the output. For further design recommendations, please refer to the general instructions.



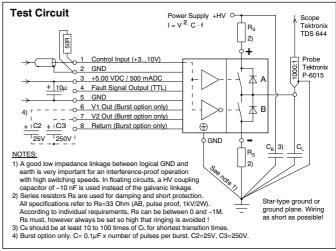
## HTS 41-06-GSM 2x 4kV / 60 A HTS 61-03-GSM 2x 6kV / 30 A

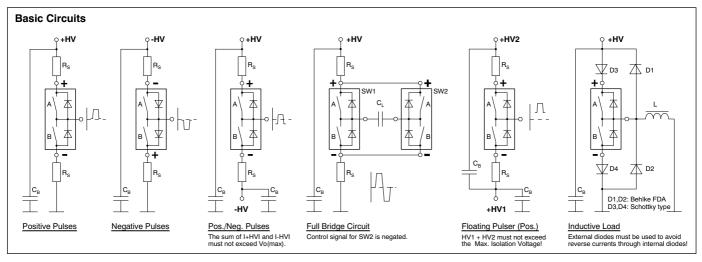


- Fast transition times, rise time and fall time ~10 ns
- Variable pulse width from 150 ns to infinity
- No pulse droop and very low ripple on the pulse top
- No working resistor power, small buffer capacitors

**PUSH-PULL** 







## **TECHNICAL DATA**

Specification	Symbol	Condition / Comment			41-06-GSM	61-03-GSM	Unit	
Maximum Operating Voltage	$V_{O(max)}$	I <sub>off</sub> < 10 μADC			2 x 4000	2 x 6000	VDC	
Minimum Operating Voltage	$V_{O(min)}$	Increased transition times below 0.1 x V <sub>O(max)</sub>			(	0	VDC	
Typical Breakdown Voltage	$V_{br}$	Static voltage, I <sub>off</sub> > 1 mADC, , T <sub>case</sub> = 70 °C			2 x 4400	2 x 8000	VDC	
Galvanic Isolation	Vı	Continuously HV terninals at bottom (Standard) HV terminals at front (Opt.08A)		20000 40000				
						VDC		
Max. Peak Current Capability	I <sub>P(max)</sub>	$T_{case} = 25^{\circ}C$ $t_p < 10 \mu s$ , duty cycle < 1%				2 x 60	2 x 30	ADC
Max. Continuous Load Current	IL	T <sub>case</sub> = 25°C	Standard plastic	case		2 x 1.12	2 x 0.5	
		$T_{fin} = 25^{\circ}C$	Opt.03, incr. ther	mal conduc	ctivity	2 x 1.32	2 x 0.59	
			Opt. 04, cooling	fins (air >4	lm/s)	2 x 2.96	2 x 1.32	ADC
Static On-Resistance	R <sub>stat</sub>	T <sub>case</sub> = 25°C	0.1 x I <sub>P(max)</sub>			2 x 3.6	2 x 16	
			1.0 x I <sub>P(max)</sub>			2 x 8	2 x 40	Ω
Maximum Off-State Current	I <sub>off</sub>	0.8xV <sub>O,</sub> T <sub>case</sub> = 2570°C, reduced I <sub>off</sub> on request			10		μADC	
Propagation Delay Time	t <sub>d</sub>	Resistive Load			150		ns	
Typical Output Transition Time	t <sub>r,</sub> t <sub>f</sub>	$R_{\rm S} = 33  \Omega, \ C_{\rm L} = 10  {\rm pF}$		0pF	6	9		
(Rise Time & Fall Time)	1, 1	10-90%		, C <sub>L</sub> = 5	-	7	14	
(riise riine a raii riine)		Standard device		, C <sub>L</sub> = 10		10	22	
		(Bottom termin	-	$C_{L} = 20$	•	14	34	
		(======================================		$C_{L} = 100$	•	45	73	ns
Minimum Output Bulgo Width	+							
Minimum Output Pulse Width	t <sub>p(min)</sub>	Reduced output pulse width on request.				No limitation, up to m		ns
Maximum Output Pulse Width	t <sub>p(max)</sub>	(Curitab racquary time)				No limitation, up to ∞		no
Minimum Pulse Spacing	t <sub>ps(min)</sub>	(Switch recovery time)				400		ns
Typical Output Pulse Jitter	t <sub>j</sub>	V <sub>aux</sub> =5.0 VDC Fixed switching frequency, >2kHz V <sub>tr</sub> =5.0 VDC Sweeped frequency, <2kHz			0.1 2		ns	
Max. Continuous Switching	$f_{(max)}$	Please note po	Please note possible P <sub>d(max)</sub> limitations.					
Frequency		Increased switching frequency on request.				12		kHz
Maximum Burst Frequency	$f_{b(max)}$	Use option 01 for >10 pulses per 20µs burst				2.5		MHz
Maximum Continuous Power	$P_{d(max)}$	T <sub>case</sub> = 25°C Standard plastic case			2 x 10			
Dissipation		T <sub>fin</sub> = 25°C Opt.03, incr. thermal conductivity Opt. 04, cooling fins (air >4m/s)		2 x 14				
				2 x 70		Watts		
Linear Derating		Above 25 °C Standard plastic case		2 x	0.22			
		Opt.03, incr. thermal conductivity Opt. 04, cooling fins (air >4m/s)		2 x 0.31				
				2 x 1.55		W/K		
Temperature Range	To	<u> </u>			-4070		°C	
Typical Natural Capacitance	C <sub>N</sub>			< 200				
				max)	< 70		pF	
Typical Coupling Capacitance	C <sub>C</sub>	Both switches against ground respectively control			< 20		pF	
Reverse Recovery Time	t <sub>rrc</sub>	Note: The internal diodes are too slow to be used $I_F = 2A$						
of the intrinsic diodes		periodically in forward direction (danger of bridge-						
(Parasitic MOSFET Diodes)		short). Free-wheeling diode networks must be applied in case of inductive load or high stray inductance!			500	.1000	ns	
Auxiliary Supply Voltage	V <sub>aux</sub>	Stabilized to ± 5%			5.00		VDC	
Auxiliary Supply Current	I <sub>aux</sub>	@f <sub>max</sub> , (Limitation of approx. 1 A recommended)			500		mADC	
Control Signal	$V_{tr}$	>3VDC recommended for low jitter			310		VDC	
Fault Signal Output		Short circuit proof, source/sink Ready = High		≥4.0				
		current max. 10 mA Fault = Low		≤0.8		VDC		
Dimensions	LxWxH	Standard plastic case (Without connectors) With option 04 (cooling fins)			112x64x27			
					112x64x62		mm <sup>3</sup>	
Weight		Standard plastic case			300			
		With option 04 (cooling fins)			390		g	

## **Ordering Information**

HTS 41-06-GSM Push-pull transistor switch Option 05 High power metal case (on request only) Control connection: Pins instead of pigtail & plug HTS 61-03-GSM Push-pull transistor switch Option 06 Option 01 High frequency burst Option 08A\* 40kV isolation, HV front terminals Option 03 Increased thermal conductivity Option 08B\* 80kV isolation, HV front terminals, enlarged case Option 04 Cooling fins, non isolated, for vertical air stream only \* Not recommended for switching speeds <15ns